EMOTIONS

An autistic person may:

- Have difficulty recognising facial expressions and the emotions behind them.
- Have less effective emotion regulation strategies.
- Be significantly less likely to use reappraisal and more likely to use suppression.
- Report greater levels of negative emotion in general.
- Have difficulty with recognizing more subtle expressions of these feelings or emotions.
- Have difficulty recognizing, identifying and understanding various other states of emotion expressed by others and knowing what to say in that situation
- Scan faces in a more random way.
- Spend less time looking at the eyes and more time focusing on the mouth.
- Get less information from a person's face about what that person is feeling.
- Lack, or seem to lack, empathy with others.
 (the ability to share and understand another person's feelings)
- Have Alexithymia, a condition defined by a difficulty understanding and identifying one's own emotions.
- Have a "cascading effect" in which slow initial development in social abilities leads to more severe problems in later childhood.

3 Basic Emotions

happy, sad, mad
 in others and self

Basic Emotionswith Facial Expressions

 -anger, contempt, disgust, fear, happiness, neutral, sadness, and surprise (cross-cultural & universal facial expressions)

Complex Feelings

embarrassment, shame, pride, guilt, envy, joy, trust, interest, contempt and anticipation